

The True Northerner.

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

Mr. Riddle, who was President of the wrecked Penn. Bank, of Pittsburgh, is in a critical condition of health. He states that the directors were interested in the oil pool which caused the collapse of the bank; that the fictitious accounts were opened two years ago; and that the directors have recently appropriated \$400,000 in stock and deposits which he left for depositors.

The Directors of the Reading Road, after numerous meetings, announced that the coupons on the consolidated bonds will be cashed at par. They then applied to the Circuit Court for a set of receivers, and H. C. Kinsey, Stephen M. Caldwell, Edwin M. Lewis, and George De B. Kohn were appointed in bonds of \$500,000 each.

James Carter (colored) was hanged at Pittsburgh for being accessory to a murder. He prayed and sung on the scaffold, and asserted his innocence.

Near Miss Nivison's Children's Sanitarium, at Haunton, N. J., was found buried the remains of twenty-one children, incased in rude pine boxes. Recently the death-rate in the institution, which is a purely charitable one, has been excessive, the managers ascribing it to the use of Irish moss as food. The discovery caused much excitement, and the positions of the bodies showed that but a hasty interment was given the little victims. Mr. Austin Corbin, who acts as Treasurer for the institution, says he knows little of its management.

WESTERN.

The steamship Yaquina reached Yaquina, Ore., and with a full cargo had no difficulty in reaching the wharf. The event has caused rejoicing throughout Central and Eastern Oregon.

In Detroit, Mrs. Laura Schulz was found in her night-dress on the sidewalk with her throat cut, but still living. Her husband was detained for two hours, and released for lack of evidence against him. She recovered consciousness and held a long private interview with her husband, showing that the case was one of attempted suicide on account of family troubles.

Lieutenant Rice, an army Quartermaster, walked off a car platform near Mexico, Missouri, while in a somnambulist condition, and was instantly killed.

The Knights of Pythias (uniformed) prize drill at Indianapolis, open to the world, was won by the Lafayette (Ind.) Division. Capt. Mitchell, of the same division, got the special prize for best commander.

"Excelsior," Kiralfy Brothers' latest spectacular production, continues to draw crowded houses to McVicker's Theater, Chicago, nightly. The piece consists entirely of ballet and pantomime, and is mounted in a lavish manner. Hundreds of people are employed upon the stage, and their clever manipulation, the bright costumes, and the quick transformation of scenes, serve to make a brilliant and dazzling performance. It will hold the stage at this theater for several weeks to come.

Mrs. Long, of Princeton, Wis., who murdered a lad named Whitmore because he knew of her guilty intimacy with his father, has entered a plea of guilty, and been sentenced to State Prison for life.

Gen. H. B. Pearce, a well-known mining man, was fatally shot by Samuel Derry, near Leadville, Col.

SOUTHERN.

Another rainstorm has swept through the eastern section of Texas, embracing an area as large as Illinois and Indiana. Crops have been washed out and railway tracks and bridges wrecked. Thousands of acres of wheat ready for harvesting have been prostrated, and cotton has been completely ruined. The Brazos, Trinity, and Sabine Rivers are swollen to an extent never known before, the former stream being out of its banks for a distance of 200 miles. The loss to agricultural interests will reach hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The exposition and fair managers, in session at St. Louis, considered a scheme for holding a world's exposition in 1892, to commemorate the discovery of America, and recommended St. Louis as the place in which the fair should be held.

At St. Louis John Stanton in a fit of jealousy threw a gobletful of sulphuric acid over his wife as she lay in bed, burning out her eyes, and causing fatal injuries.

Mrs. Wieseman, the wife of a Water-town (Wis.) merchant, after living happily with her husband for forty years, hanged herself without any known reason.

Col. Tom Buford, of Kentucky, who killed Judge Elliott, was returned to the Central Penitentiary at Louisville. He escaped from that place a year ago. He presented a pitiable spectacle, and probably will not live long.

It is understood that the Directors of the Louisville and Nashville Road have been requested to resign, in order that long stockholders may be given the work of reorganization.

Ed Eli and William Freerant, both negroes, were hanged for murder at Clinton, La., and Orangeburg, S. C., respectively.

William Shotwell, of Harrison, Ark., was caught in the act of firing a store, and is believed to have caused several recent blazes. A reward of \$1,500 was paid for his detection, and he lies in jail to await a lynching.

WASHINGTON.

The colored people of Washington indulged in a run on the National Savings Bank. Payment was promptly made to depositors, and the bank officers stated that they would not take advantage of the thirty-day clause.

The House Committee on Elections recommended that the various contestants and the members whose seats were contested, no matter what the result, be allowed sums varying from \$5,000 to \$10,000 each.

Gen. O. E. Babcock, who was Gen. Grant's Private Secretary, Col. Levi P.

Lucky, who was his assistant at the time, and who has been his chief clerk, and B. F. Suter, a resident of Washington, were drowned off the coast of Florida, where they were superintending the construction of a lighthouse.

The following is a recapitulation of the national debt statement issued on the 2d inst.:

Interest-bearing debt—	
Four and one-half per cents.....	\$250,000,000.00
Four per cents.....	787,000,000.00
Three per cents.....	243,000,000.00
Refunding certificates.....	291,100.00
Navy pension fund.....	14,000,000.00
Total interest-bearing debt.....	\$1,244,844,000.00

Matured debt.....	\$1,277,275.28
Debt bearing no interest—	
Local-tender notes.....	\$44,709,481.00
Certificates of deposit.....	11,000,000.00
Gold and silver certificates.....	254,112,000.00
Fractional currency.....	6,861,979.31
Total without interest.....	\$286,683,461.29

Total debt (principal).....	\$1,568,107,136.57
Total cash in Treasury.....	10,226,000.00
Balance of cash in Treasury.....	280,000,000.00
Debt, less cash in Treasury.....	1,488,107,136.57
Decrease during May.....	4,297,352.40
Decrease of debt since June 30, 1891.....	91,224,714.38

Current liabilities—	
Interest due and unpaid.....	\$1,400,000.00
Debt on which interest has ceased.....	13,076,275.28
Balance of cash in Treasury.....	280,000,000.00
Gold and silver certificates.....	254,112,000.00
Cash balance available.....	147,811,600.00
Total.....	\$286,683,461.29

Available assets—	
Cash in Treasury.....	\$286,683,461.29
Bonds issued to Pacific Railway Commission, interest payable by United States.....	64,676,213.00
Interest accrued, not yet paid.....	1,048,561.50
Interest paid by United States.....	61,180,746.29

Interest repaid by companies—	
By transportation services.....	\$1,129,330.12
By cash payments, 5 per cent. net earnings.....	608,108.87
Interest repaid by United States.....	43,325,379.96

POLITICAL.

The Washington Post, a Democratic organ, announces that Samuel J. Tilden is not an aspirant for Presidential honors at the hands of the Democracy, and that he will not accept the nomination under any circumstances.

At a meeting of the delegates from the Territories in attendance at the National Republican Convention, it was resolved to press on the Committee on Resolutions and the convention the desirability of a declaration in favor of appointing citizens of the various Territories to the Federal offices therein.

W. K. Meade and G. H. O'Quay will represent Arizona in the National Democratic Convention. They have been instructed for the old ticket.

Mr. Tilden has been interviewed as to his intentions in reference to correspondence with the Democratic National Convention. He refused to say anything about his intentions. He had several times denoted his position, he said, and had nothing more to communicate at present.

The Democrats of the Fifth Pennsylvania District have nominated Paris Halderman for Congress.

The Vermont Democrats in convention at Montpelier nominated candidates for State officers as follows: Governor, L. W. Redington; Lieutenant-Governor, N. P. Bowman; State Treasurer, Henry Gillet; Secretary of State, H. F. Brigham. The following were elected delegates-at-large to the National Democratic Convention: B. B. Smalley, John C. Burke, Amos Aldrich, and Frank H. Bascom. They are not instructed, but are for Tilden if he accepts.

Congressman Wilkins was renominated by the Democrats of the Fifteenth Ohio District.

The Alabama Democrats nominated Gov. O'Neal for another term and Secretary of State Phelan and M. C. Burke for Auditor. They completed their ticket by nominating T. C. McClellan for Attorney General and S. Palmer for State Superintendent of Schools.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Yellow fever has broken out at Guaymas, Mexico.

Because of the revenue-stamp tax five Mexican States have proclaimed war against President Gonzalez.

The Manitoba Legislature has passed resolutions rejecting the Dominion Government's terms, and has passed a measure providing for direct taxation for Government purposes. Lieut. Gov. Norquay in proposing the Legislature said that the action of the Legislature in reference to the Dominion Government's terms was unpleasant but unavoidable.

The value of the produce exported from New York last week was \$6,254,000.

At the meeting of the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, at St. Louis, it was decided to take no action on the subject of musical instruments in the church. The anti-instrument section of the meeting protested against this, and a meeting has been held at which it has been decided to call a convention of anti-organ congregations at Xenia, Ohio, when the question of seceding from the present organization will be discussed.

At an auction sale in Cincinnati, the News-Journal was knocked down to Edgar M. Johnson for \$26,000.

During May fires in the United States destroyed property valued at \$2,700,000, and for the five months of 1894 the loss has reached \$46,750,000.

For the year ended March 31 there were deposited in New Hampshire savings banks \$43,000,000. The tax on the banks this year amounts to \$410,000.

Bradstreet's Commercial Agency reports a general improvement in business throughout the country, being the first in trade noted since the panic among the Wall street speculators.

FOREIGN.

Oscar Wilde, the Anglo-Irish aesthete and patron of the sunflower, was married to Miss Lloyd, the daughter of a Dublin lawyer.

The evangelical Christians of India and the Irish Protestants have earnestly petitioned Moody and Sankey to conduct evangelistic services in those countries.

The dynamites residing in Paris assert that the authors of the recent explosions in London have escaped from England and are now safe.

Moody, the evangelist, announced at his revival services in London, that the health of his colleague, Mr. Sankey, had again collapsed and that he would sail for the United States shortly.

The Mark Lane Express, in its

weekly review of the British grain trade, says the outlook for the wheat crop is more than usually promising. The sales of English wheat last week amounted to 50,351 quarters at 37s 7d, against 54,993 quarters at 41s 5d for the corresponding week last year.

Prince Bismarck, while stopping at a hotel in Friedrichshagen, was jostled and hoisted by the crowd until he grew wild with rage and sent for the police.

A fire in Liverpool destroyed 3,000 bales of cotton in Zerega's warehouse. The aquarium in Bishop's Gate, London, with several lions and bears, was also burned.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The Cincinnati News-Journal's staff have been discharged and the paper discontinued. The Sun, started by the *Register*, takes its place.

Twenty-four members of the Salvation Army were arrested at Cleveland, Ohio, for disturbing the peace, kept in the cooler all night, and fined in the morning, Judge Hutchins, in passing sentence, saying the Salvation Army had become a nuisance, and, like all nuisances, must be abated.

Over 200 depositors of the Penn Bank of Pittsburgh have brought suit against the officers and directors for the full payment of their claims.

The Postal Telegraph and Cable Company has formed an alliance with the Bankers and Merchants' lines, and the joint control of 55,000 miles of wire will be vested in representatives of both lines.

Charles Goldstein, a defaulting merchant of Selma, Ala., was arrested at Quebec on a capias issued by the Superior Court, for debts due in New York. As he had engaged passage for Europe, he offered a satisfactory amount in cash to settle, and was released.

The State Supreme Court has declared that the Tennessee statute making the keeping of a gambling-house a felony is constitutional.

The new treaty between France and Annam has been signed. A customs system similar to that in Cochinchina is re-established.

Mr. Gladstone's rest during the Whitsuntide holidays has greatly benefited his health. He appears now to be in better health and spirits than he has been for years. He spent his vacation week in wood-chopping and riding.

Four children of Alexander Carroll, living in the vicinity of Ottawa, Ont., perished by the destruction of their home by lightning.

At Sherbrooke, P. Q., Calista Bell, aged 19; Joseph Costermier, aged 15; and Octave Hupe, aged 18, were drowned while bathing.

A fishing schooner was wrecked in Trinity Bay, N. F., and the crew of thirteen perished.

At the Cathedral in Cincinnati, one evening last week, William Patterson arrived in a coach with Ella Keating to be married. Anna Flynn, with whom Patterson had been living, was lying in wait, and when Patterson stepped out of the coach she tore off his cravat and otherwise assaulted him. The woman was arrested. The clergy refused to solemnize the marriage.

The Baltimore and Ohio Road took a large party of newspaper correspondents from Chicago to Washington in twenty-three hours, making the last forty-four miles in less than a minute to the mile. When nearing the Ohio River six miles were run in four minutes.

The schooner Fanny Fern was run down off Gloucester, Mass., by an outward-bound coal-carrying steamer, and four of the crew were drowned.

At Chappaqua, N. Y., Miss Gabrielle Greeley's horse ran away, breaking her right shoulder and injuring her internally.

MR. CLEVELAND'S bill limiting the jurisdiction of the United States Circuit Courts and regulating the removal of cases to the Federal Courts passed the House on June 7. The bill provides that the minimum jurisdiction of the Circuit Courts shall be \$2,000 instead of \$500, and makes members of corporations doing business in the States citizens of that State for all judicial purposes. The right of removal of cases to the Federal Courts is limited to defendants. The House also passed a bill forbidding the unearned land grant of the Atlantic and Pacific Road. Adverse reports were made on the bill to report the bill to the Senate. The House discussed at considerable length resolutions offered by Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, providing for the agricultural public lands for Iowa settlers. Mr. Holman offered an amendment extending the scope of Mr. Nelson's resolutions. During the debate on this measure the fact developed that there was not a quorum present, and an adjournment was carried. The Senate was not in session.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
RECEIVED—Choice to Prime Sugar.....	7.00 @ 8.00
HOON—No. 1.....	5.00 @ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 2.....	75 @ 76
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.02 @ 1.04
CORN—No. 2.....	.42 @ .43
OATS—White.....	.42 @ .44
POULTRY—Moss.....	17.50 @ 18.00
CHICAGO.	
RECEIVED—Choice to Prime Sugar.....	6.50 @ 7.50
Fair to Good.....	6.00 @ 6.50
BUTTER—No. 1.....	5.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1.....	5.25 @ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2.....	4.50 @ 5.25
CORN—No. 2.....	.34 @ .35
OATS—No. 2.....	.24 @ .25
HAILEY—No. 2.....	.68 @ .69
BEET—Choice Creamery.....	.18 @ .19
BEET—Fair Creamery.....	.14 @ .15
CHICKEN—Full Cream.....	.11 @ .12
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .14
POTATOES—Peasblow.....	.27 @ .28
PORE—Moss.....	18.50 @ 19.00
LAID—Moss.....	18.00 @ 18.50
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.35 @ .36
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.38 @ .39
CORN—No. 2.....	.33 @ .35
OATS—No. 2.....	.31 @ .32
HAILEY—No. 2.....	.68 @ .69
BEET—Choice Creamery.....	.18 @ .19
BEET—Fair Creamery.....	.14 @ .15
CHICKEN—Full Cream.....	.11 @ .12
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .14
POTATOES—Peasblow.....	.27 @ .28
PORE—Moss.....	18.50 @ 19.00
LAID—Moss.....	18.00 @ 18.50
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.37 @ .38
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.00 @ 1.05
CORN.....	.27 @ .28
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .34
HAILEY—No. 2.....	.68 @ .69
BEET—Choice Creamery.....	.18 @ .19
BEET—Fair Creamery.....	.14 @ .15
CHICKEN—Full Cream.....	.11 @ .12
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .14
POTATOES—Peasblow.....	.27 @ .28
PORE—Moss.....	18.50 @ 19.00
LAID—Moss.....	18.00 @ 18.50
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.00 @ 1.05
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .34
HAILEY—No. 2.....	.68 @ .69
BEET—Choice Creamery.....	.18 @ .19
BEET—Fair Creamery.....	.14 @ .15
CHICKEN—Full Cream.....	.11 @ .12
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .14
POTATOES—Peasblow.....	.27 @ .28
PORE—Moss.....	18.50 @ 19.00
LAID—Moss.....	18.00 @ 18.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.34 @ .35
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best.....	5.75 @ 6.25
Fair.....	5.25 @ 5.75
Common.....	4.50 @ 5.00
HOON.....	3.50 @ 4.00
SHIRK.....	4.00 @ 4.50

NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

Brief Summary of the Proceedings of Congress.

In the Senate, on the 24th inst., with Messrs. Edmunds, Sherman, Logan, Hawley, and Allison in their seats, the greatest day's work of the session was performed. Among the forty bills passed were those to bridge the Wisconsin, Chisago, and St. Croix Rivers; making the cities of Tacoma and Seattle ports of delivery; for the relief of the Protestant Orphan Asylum at Natchez, and to enlarge to four ounces the newspaper limit of weight for penny postage to the general public. The House passed the legislative appropriation bill, with an amendment giving certain exemptions to distilleries. A bill was introduced to appropriate \$25,000 in aid of the Southern Exposition at Louisville and to admit exhibits free of duty. A resolution was presented calling for the names of persons with whom contracts have been made for supplies for the army or the Indian. Mr. Stewart, of Texas, introduced a bill authorizing the President to issue a proclamation carrying into effect the Mexican reciprocity treaty whenever he is satisfied that the President of Mexico has issued a similar proclamation. The legislative bill was debated and amendments reducing the number of internal-revenue districts to forty-three and the number of customs districts to sixty-nine were adopted by large majorities. An amendment abolishing Storekeepers as small distilleries was adopted by a vote of 118 to 74. Mr. Hancock moved to suspend the rules on a motion favoring the abolition of the internal revenue tax on tobacco on alcohol used for artistic purposes, and on fruit brandies. Pending a vote on the motion, the House adjourned.

On June 8, the Senate passed bills granting to letter-carriers an annual leave of absence for fifteen days, giving a pension of \$50 per month to the widow of Gen. Judson Kilpatrick, providing for the sale of the Fort Hayes and the Kickapoo Reservations in Kansas, fixing the membership of the Dakota Legislature at twenty-four Councilmen and forty-eight Representatives, dropping the every vestige of a comma, "for I've finished my cloak and shall have a fur-lined circular soon as snow dies Harper's says circular will be worn as much as ever this winter mother wants me to have one with quilted lining but I said give me fur or give me nothing what a horrible murder that was in New Hampshire seems as if we were getting worse than the Far West I think everybody who kills anybody ought to be hung did you get that bonnet in Portland I have concluded to wear my feather turban another—"

There was no session of the Senate on the 4th inst. In the House, Mr. Hopkins, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Public Buildings, submitted a report on the charges of corruption or collusion in regard to the selection of a site for a public building at Brooklyn, N. Y. The report says: "Every opportunity was offered for introduction of evidence to sustain the charges, and we unanimously report that there has not been produced before us a scintilla of evidence which in the slightest degree supports the integrity of the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the Supervising Architect, or upon other officers of the Government."

The report was recommended with authority to send a subcommittee to Brooklyn to take testimony. The Oregon Central land-grant forfeiture bill was passed—yeas 134, nays 28. The House's amendments were non-concurred in to the bill establishing a Bureau of Labor Statistics. Mr. Henley, of California, then called up the bill granting to the California and Oregon Railroad Company, except such lands as were granted for that portion of the line as were completed before the 1st of July, 1890. After remarks by Mr. Cobb, of Indiana, in support of the bill, a vote was taken on its passage. It stood—yeas 123, nays 15, showing no quorum present.

The House of Representatives on June 5 passed bills to forfeit the land grant of the California and Oregon Road; to bridge the Cumberland River at Nashville and the Missouri at Leavenworth; and to repeal a land grant to the Iron Mountain Road from Pilot Knob to Helena. There was no session of the Senate.

Hints About Letter-Writing.

As Mrs. Glass said of hare soup, "First catch your hare," in writing a letter first have something to say. Life is too busy, in these hurried days, for time to be wasted in the platitudes even of politeness. A letter should have a real cause—some social or friendly duty to discharge, some business question to ask or answer, some opinions to interchange, or tidings to communicate. Then, having a good reason for writing, comes the secondary question of how to do it. Most of the transient fashions for colored or decorated paper are unsafe. Eccentricity is unwise. If a person could afford to give up life to the pursuit of fashion, she might succeed in following its caprices successfully; but, for people who have something else to do than to catch every whim of a moment, and pursue it just far enough, and not too far, the safest stationery is good, white paper, with envelopes to match—stationery thick enough not to reveal its secrets to outside readers, and of that good style which is insured by plainness. Simplicity is the one thing that cannot be ridiculed.

Then, as to ink—to use good black ink almost amounts to a social duty. Who has not felt that he would have foregone a letter rather than weary over pale pages in some blind handwriting, no matter how eloquent those pages might be?

And speaking of eloquence—the temptation to be eloquent is another foe to epistolary success. If people only would write simply, and say that they have pleasant memories of this or that, instead of telling us that "beautiful pictures are inscribed on the tablets of their memory," or that "their recollection surrounds the past with an aureole of glory," we should be grateful.

Above all, why should a person who is not a Quaker, who has gone tranquilly through a letter speaking of "you" and "yours," suddenly, at the end, become "Thine Truly"?

We remember a letter once written in the veritable crisis of a life, which utterly failed to move the stony heart to which it was addressed, because, all through, it was an amusing mixture of you and thee—"You know how long and deeply I have loved thee," for instance—and for this reason the hard-hearted receiver was able to put it cruelly into the waste basket, coolly saying, "No one who really felt could mix up things in that way."

This brings us back to our text that simplicity in letter-writing is the secret of success, and that the slightest touch of affectation or sentimentality is as fatal to a letter as to a person.—*Youth's Companion.*

An old minister in Ohio seemed rather opposed to an educated ministry. Said he: "Why, my brethering, every young man who is going to preach thinks he must be off to some college and study a lot of Greek and Latin. All nonsense! All wrong! What did Peter and Paul know about Greek? Why, not a word, my brethering. Not Peter and Paul in the plain old English, and so'll I."—*Christian at Work.*

NEW YORK has a newly formed Sunday Society to promote observance of the day.

GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

Fresh Veal.

Out in the dark, out in the night,
Lost in the chill and gloom,
I know that the moon is shining now
Into my darling's room.
Over her hair, the long dark hair,
Shedding a calm, sweet light,
Over her eyes, her soft brown eyes!
Good-night, little love—good-night!

I wished the wish of my heart to-night,
As I saw a falling star—
A passionate prayer—ah, love, my love,
So near and yet, O, so far!
A cloud passed over the stormy skies,
Hiding the moon from sight;
A cloud is over my lonely life—
Good-night, little love—good-night!

A moaning among the trees to-night,
A step that can never come—
But, better far, she's safe, I know—
Safe in her happy home.
Only a love that she threw away,
A track on the waters white,
A breaking heart on "the outward bound"—
Good-night, love of mine—good-night!

Women as Jurors.

Mrs. Post, the wife of the Delegate from Wyoming Territory, where, as is well known, universal suffrage prevails, was asked by a lady friend if she had ever voted.

"Oh, yes, many times," Mrs. Post replied. Then her curious friend asked: "Did you ever serve on a jury?"

"Two or three times," was the answer. This only roused the lady's curiosity still more. "Were you ever on a jury when a person was being tried for murder and the person was convicted?"

Mrs. Post looked a little confused at this question, but finally relieved her friend's excitement by answering this in the affirmative also.—*Washington Letter.*

No Fool Like, Etc.

"None except those in costume can enter," said a masquerader to an old gentleman who was about to enter the ball-room.

"Nonsense! I am too old to put on the fool's cap and bells," exclaimed the old man.

"Isn't that your wife, that young woman there in the light costume?" asked the first speaker.

"Why, to be sure, it is."

"Then you needn't be afraid to put on the cap and bells, for they will fit you admirably," returned the young man.

Woman's Work Among the Sick.